



Fred Sanger, 1918-2013

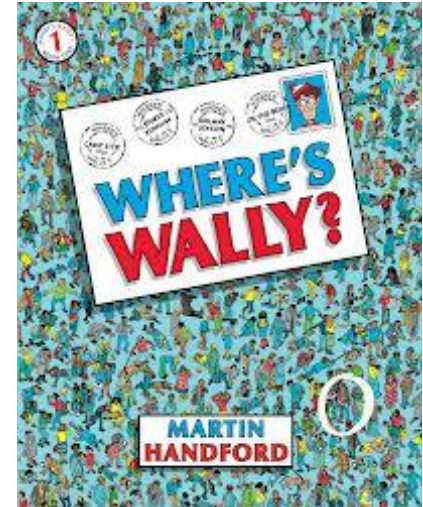
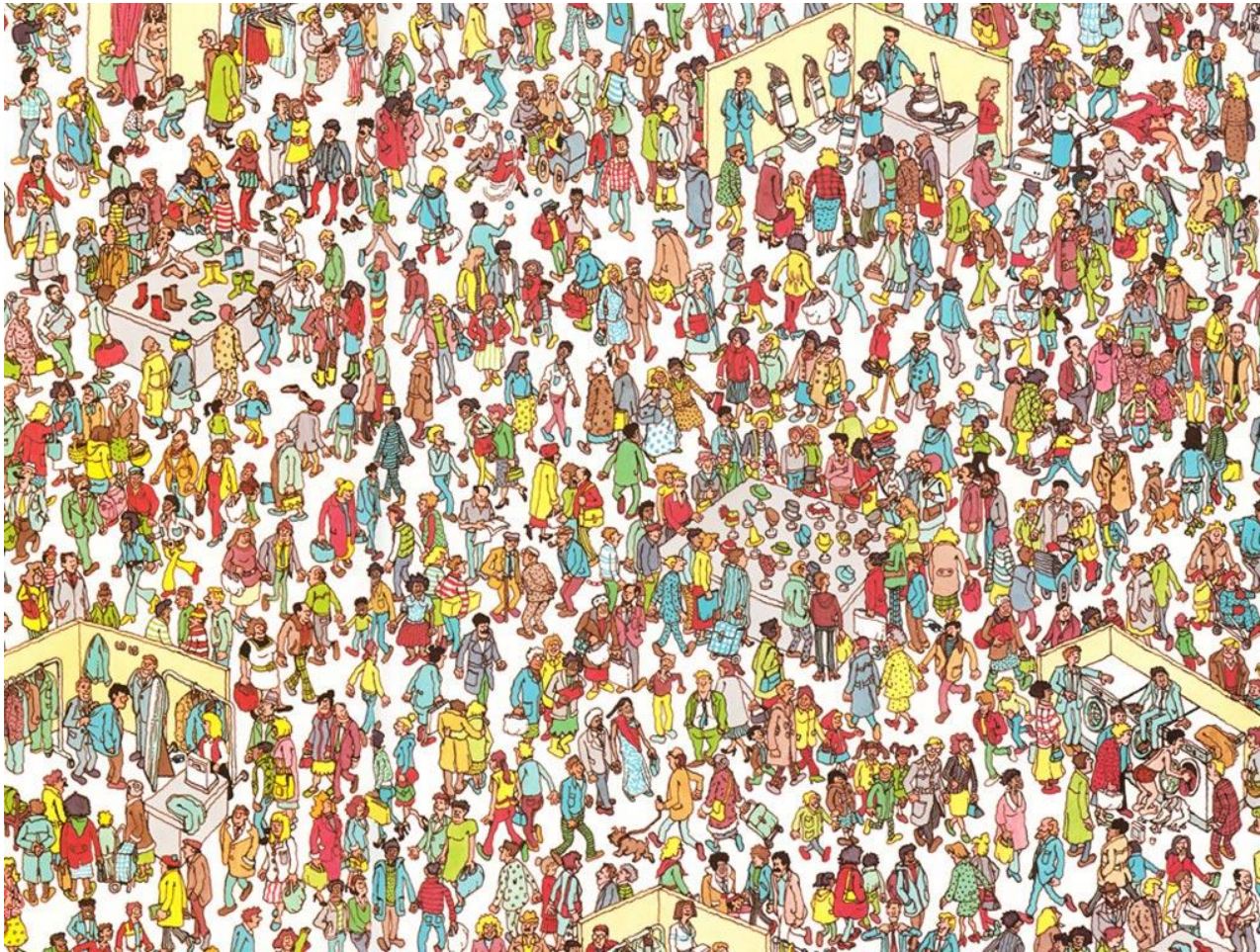
DECIPHER

**Facilitating the discovery and interpretation of
sequence and copy-number variation in genetic
disorders**

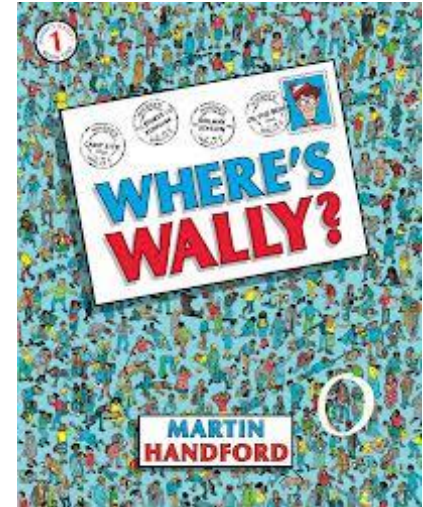
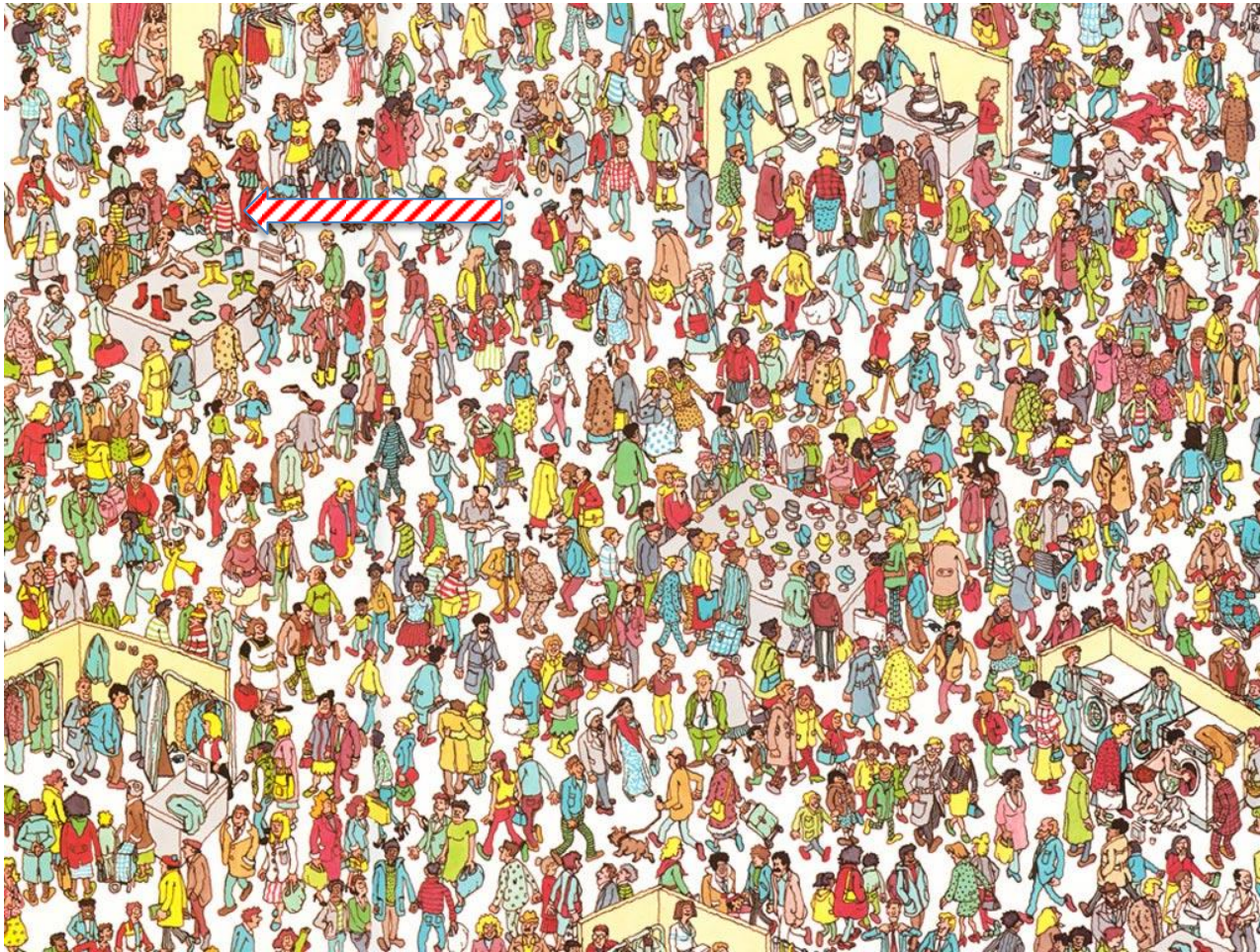
Jawahar Swaminathan, Ph.D.

Project Manager

Identifying pathogenic variants amongst the background of normal variation in a genome



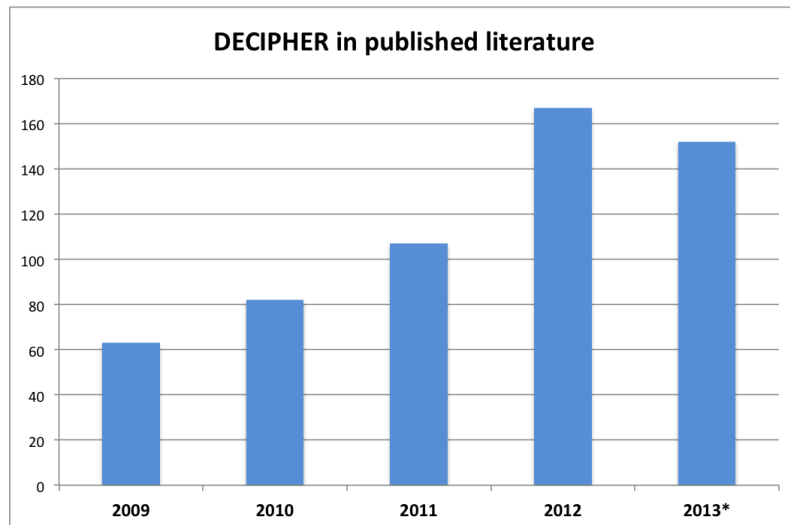
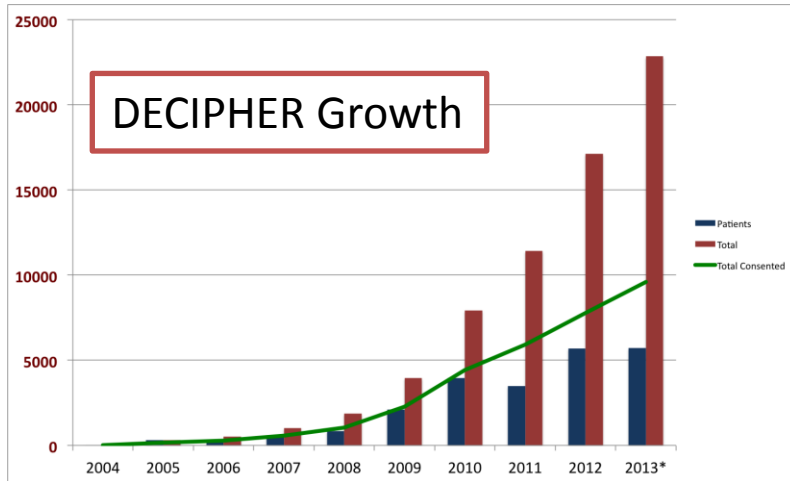
Identifying pathogenic variants amongst the background of normal variation in a genome





- Aiding the interpretation of genomic variants since 2004
- Primary Objective
 - Facilitate identification and interpretation of pathogenic genetic variation in rare disorders*
- Mission
 - making genetic and phenotypic data discoverable to enable improved interpretation of variation that cannot be unambiguously interpreted in isolation*

DECIPHER *at-a-glance*



DECIPHER by numbers

- 1900+ registered users
- 200+ Consortium Centres in 40 countries
- 22000+ patient records
- ~40000 plausibly pathogenic CNV and Sequence variants with 80k associated phenotypes
- ~9600 anonymised patients consented for public release

Over 500 publications since 2009 have used DECIPHER data to aid variant discovery and diagnosis.

Facilitating Contact, Collaboration and Consultation amongst users

Peer-to-Peer

Within and between DECIPHER centres on patients on mutual interest using “Contacts” option.

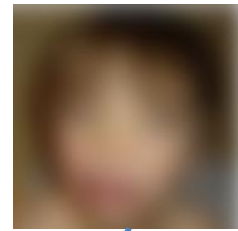
External User to Peer

DECIPHER conduits contact and collaboration requests from external to registered users

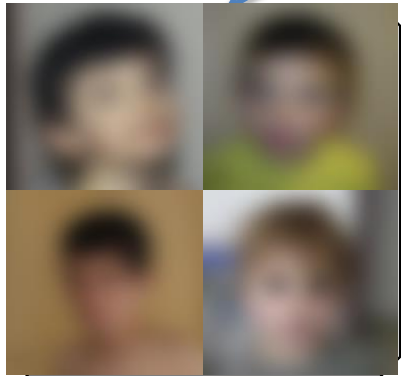
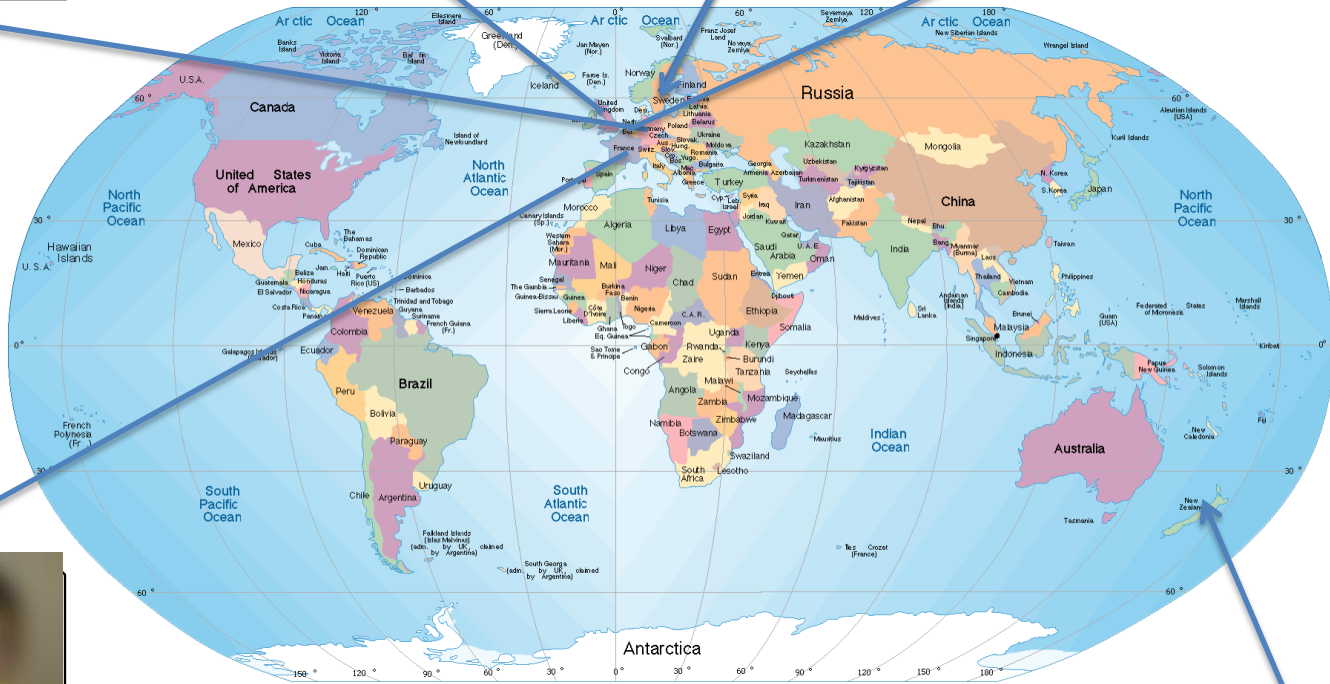
Bulk anonymous data for research

Available to bona fide researchers under Data Access and Display agreements. Anonymised, encrypted file for research and method development.



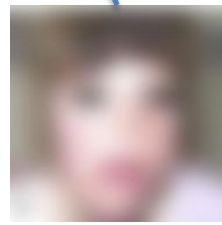


**DECIPHER
Data from
Belgium,
Netherlands**



A novel microdeletion syndrome at 9q21.13 characterised by mental retardation, speech delay, epilepsy and characteristic facial features

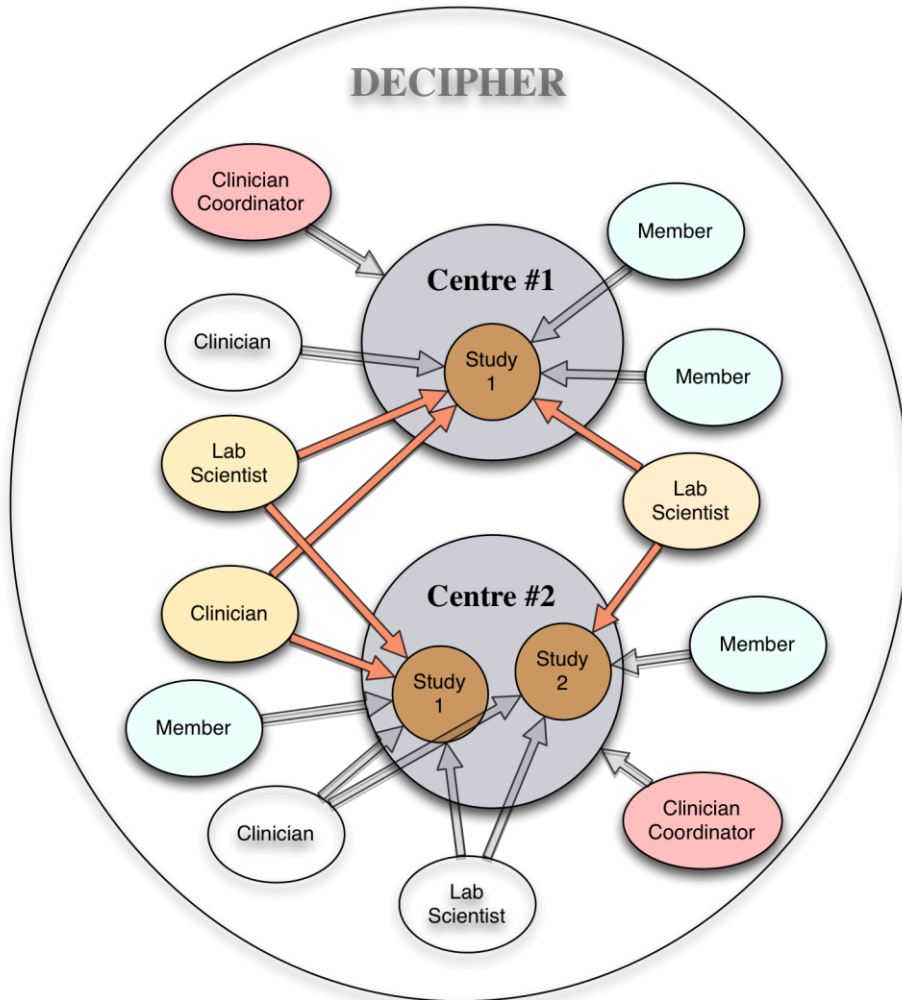
**Eur J Med Genet
March 2013**



Infrastructure

- Level 4 secure MySQL database storage
- User-authenticated access rights and privileges
- Asynchronous and bulk-data entry
- Consortium composition
 - Centre
 - Study/Studies
 - Users
 - » User Role (Coordinator/Clinician/Scientist/Member)
 - » User Right (Read-Write/Read Only)

Anatomy of a DECIPHER Centre



Centre

Academic centre affiliated to a hospital

Study

One or more projects within a centre

Coordinator

Senior clinical geneticist responsible for the DECIPHER centre

Clinicians

Senior clinicians responsible for referred patients

Lab Scientists

Lab scientists entering variant information

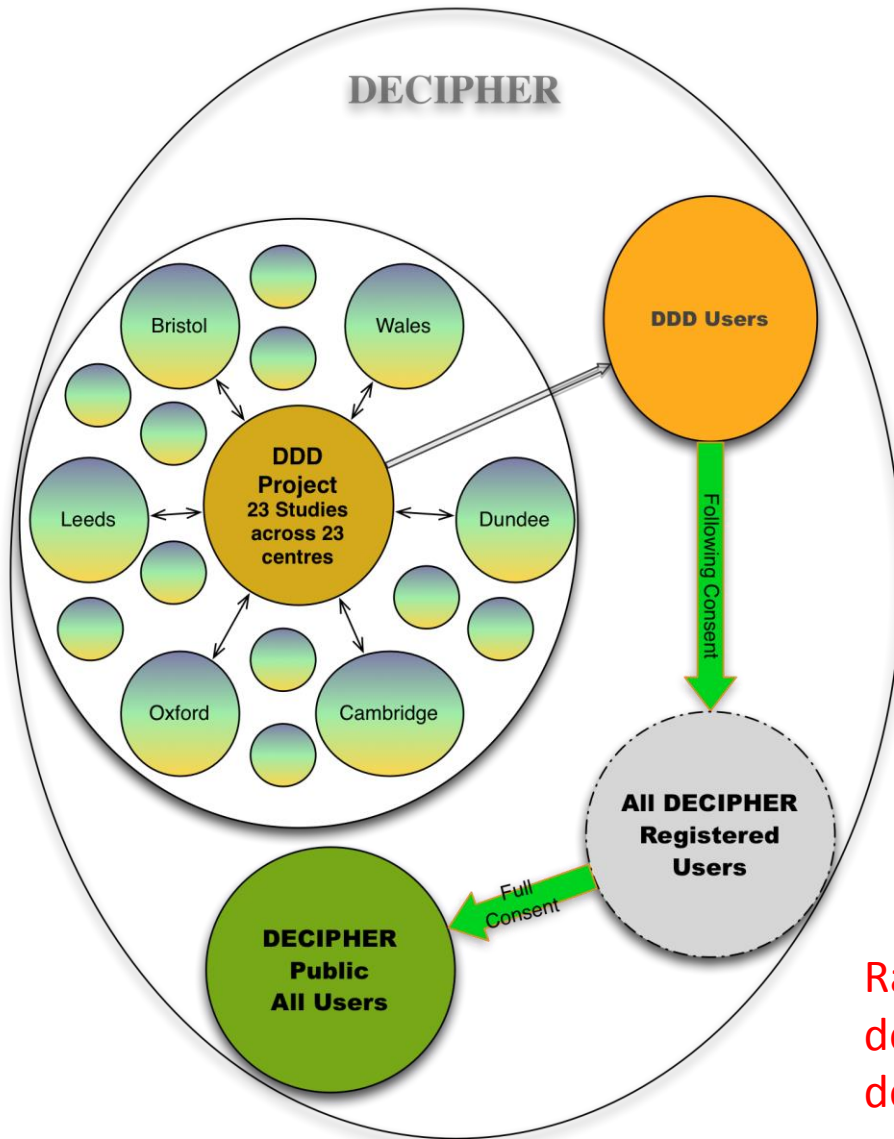
Members

Associated junior doctors, nurses etc. within the centre/study assisting data entry and analysis

DECIPHER Access

- **Centre/Study/User/Role model and multiple access layers.**
- **Users can be members of multiple studies across multiple centres**

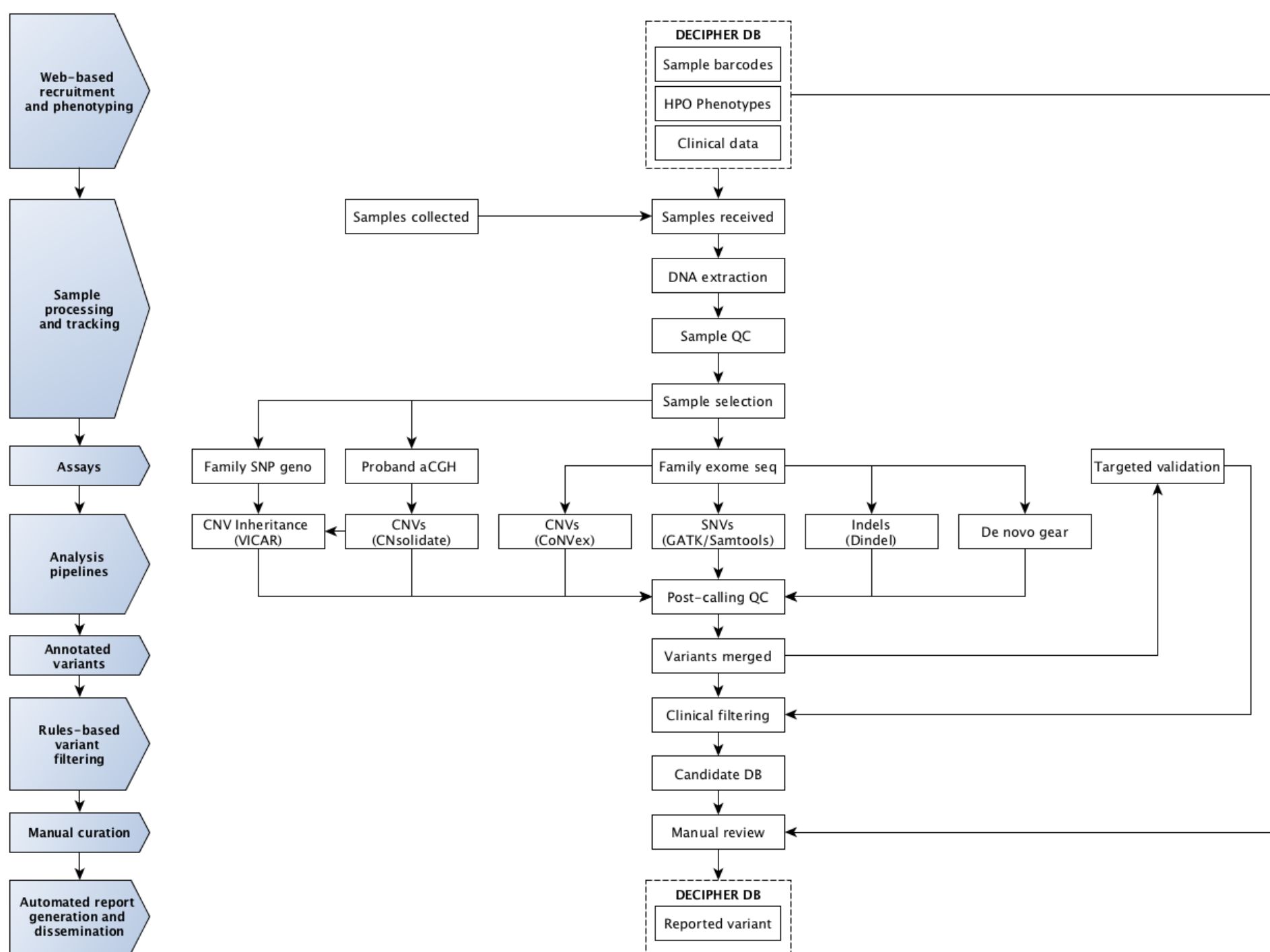
Supporting a larger multi-study project (DDD)



DDD Project in DECIPHER

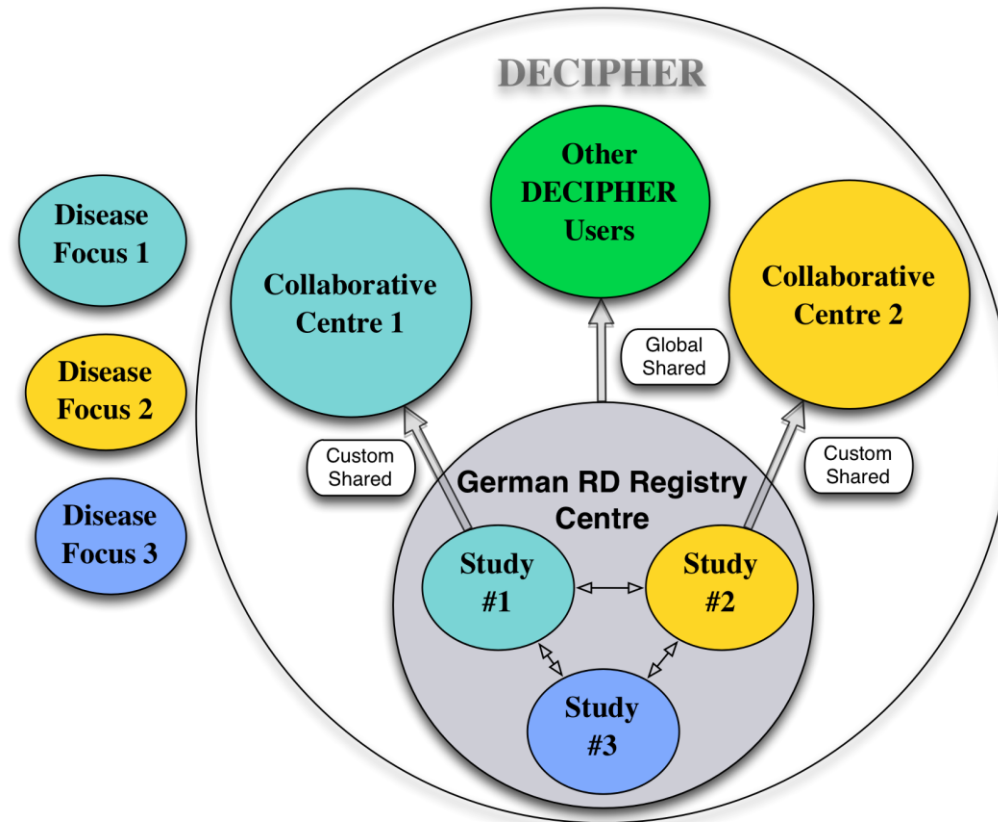
- ❖ *Study Access and User Accounts*
- ❖ *Custom Forms for Data Entry*
 - Patient Recruitment
 - Patient Information and followup
 - Sample Registration/Tracking
- ❖ *Report Notification and Download*
- ❖ *Results download and analysis using DECIPHER tools*
- ❖ *Validation and Confirmation of Results*
- ❖ *Feedback on Pathogenicity*

Raw sequence data from DDD exome sequencing deposited in EGA. Filtered variants & phenotypes deposited in DECIPHER



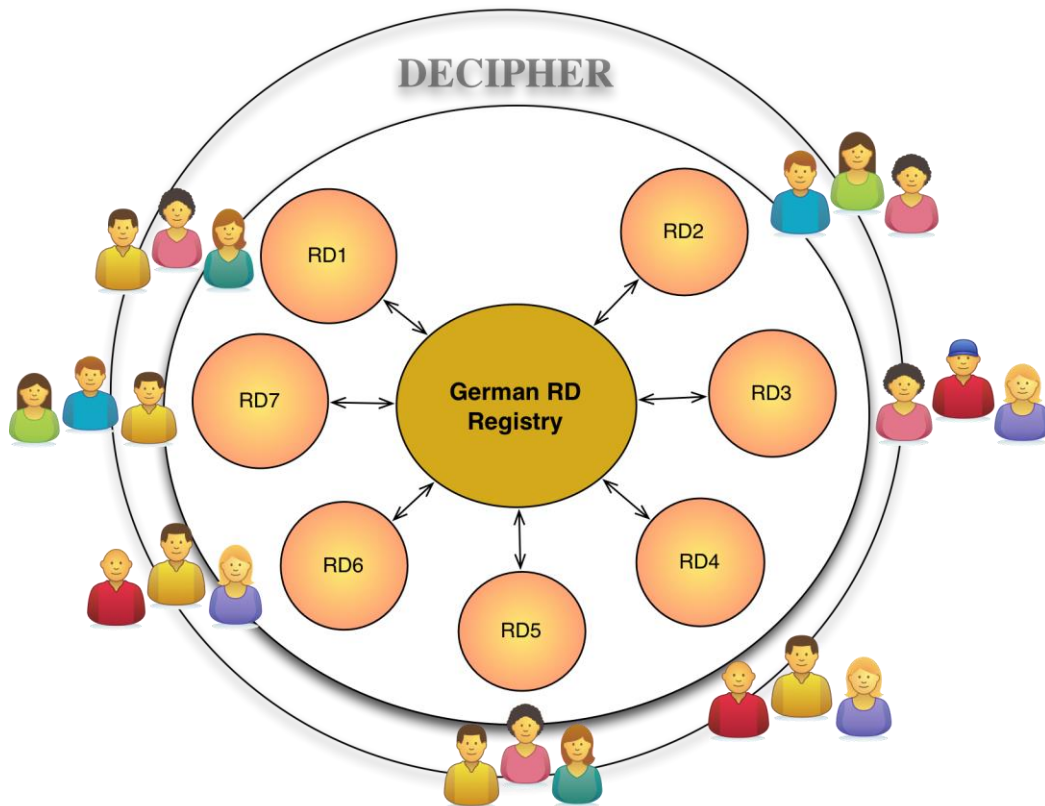
Conceptualising an RD Initiative - 2

- All patients in a single centre
- Multiple studies within centre
- Users in Centre have access to one or more studies
- Studies may be shared with other external collaborators



Data from any rare disease study that collects phenotype-linked genotype data (CNV or sequence variant) can be analysed and shared from within DECIPHER.

Conceptualising an RD Initiative - 3




- A Rare Disease “super” centre with many centres.
- Each centre can have >1 studies
- Each centre specialised on disease/gene/geographical etc
- Users of centre “own” patient data
- Read-Only access to data from other centres.
- Users can be in multiple centres.

DECIPHER supports different sharing modes with access control

DECIPHER: Data Entry

Add CNV

Please note DECIPHER only supports GRCh37

Chromosome *	<input type="text" value="-select-"/>
Start Position *	<input type="text"/>
End Position *	<input type="text"/>
Mean Ratio *	<input type="text"/> or Copy Number: <input type="text" value="-select-"/>
Build *	<input type="text" value="-select-"/> 
Confirmed by	<input type="text" value="-select-"/>
Inheritance *	<input type="text" value="-select-"/>

Add Sequence Variant

GRCh37 Genomic Coordinates Only

Chromosome *	<input type="text" value="-select-"/>
Start Position *	<input type="text"/> of the reference allele
Reference Allele *	<input type="text"/> (forward strand)
Alternate Allele *	<input type="text"/> (forward strand, use dot for deletion)
Transcript *	<input type="text"/> (ensembl or refseq id)
Gene	<input type="text"/>
HGVS code	<input type="text"/>
Genotype	<input type="text" value="-select-"/>
Inheritance	<input type="text" value="-select-"/>

Deposition of patient variant
(sequence/CNV)

- Secure, password Protected
- User authenticated deposition
- Asynchronous entry of patient information
- Ontology for phenotype entry (HPO)
- **Bulk upload (Sequence/CNV)**
- Explicit consent for anonymous sharing

DECIPHER: Data Discovery

Search By

- Chromosomal Location
- Gene Symbol
- Phenotype
- DECIPHER ID
- Internal ID

Results Filtered By

- Patients in own study
(Consented/Unconsented)
- Patients within larger group
(Consented for sharing within group)
- Other consented patients
(publicly consented)

Patients within your studies		Karyotype
1 to 2 of 2 entries		
Decipher ID	Variant	Phenotypes
273915	gain 4:1559100-2119236	Intellectual disability, Microcephaly, Small for gestational age, Abnormal bleeding, Sandal gap, Delayed speech and language development, Synophrys, Abnormality of the face, Tall stature, Long face, Aplasia/hypoplasia affecting the eyelid
273915	4:1806119 G>A	Intellectual disability, Microcephaly, Small for gestational age, Abnormal bleeding, Sandal gap, Delayed speech and language development, Synophrys, Abnormality of the face, Tall stature, Long face, Aplasia/hypoplasia affecting the eyelid
10 per page		

Consented patients		Karyotype
1 to 10 of 75 entries		
Decipher ID	Variant	Phenotypes
260581	gain 4:68345-2246643	Thin upper lip vermillion, Macrocephaly, Hypertelorism, Long philtrum, Abnormality of toe
256909	gain 4:29099-9734585	Thin upper lip vermillion, Hypertelorism, Broad nasal tip, Long philtrum, Telecanthus, Long eyelashes, Uplanted palpebr Autism, Intellectual disability, Depressed nasal bridge

DECIPHER: Features

Drag-and-Drop HPO Phenotype Entry

Identifying patient clusters with genotype-phenotype overlaps

Overview Variants (1) **Phenotypes (11)** Parents (0)

Phenotype dictionary

american spelling Search

- Abnormality of blood and blood-forming tissues
- Abnormality of connective tissue
- Abnormality of head and neck
- Abnormality of metabolism/homeostasis
- Abnormality of prenatal development or birth
- Abnormality of the abdomen
- Abnormality of the breast
- Abnormality of the cardiovascular system
- Abnormality of the ear
- Abnormality of the endocrine system
- Abnormality of the eye
- Abnormality of the genitourinary system
- Abnormality of the immune system

Shared Phenotypes in **ARID1B** deletion

Shared Phenotypes

4 of 13: **Microcephaly; Intellectual disability; Muscular hypotonia; Hypoplasia of the corpus callosum;** Hydrocephalus; Frontal bossing; Macrotia; Seizures; Brachycephaly; High anterior hairline; Atrioventricular canal defect; Delayed speech and language development; Short stature

3 of 6: **Intellectual disability; Muscular hypotonia; Feeding difficulties in infancy;** Delayed speech and language development; Generalized hirsutism; Pili torti

3 of 11: **Microcephaly; Intellectual disability; Feeding difficulties in infancy;** Hypertelorism; Hearing impairment; Strabismus; Plagiocephaly; Abnormality of the respiratory system; Broad forehead; Wide intermamillary distance; Defect in the atrial septum

2 of 2: **Intellectual disability; Hypoplasia of the corpus callosum;**

2 of 11: **Intellectual disability; Feeding difficulties in infancy;** Prominent nasal bridge; Inguinal hernia; Spasticity; Seizures; High anterior hairline; Prominent ear helix; Hallux valgus; Asymmetry of the thorax; Long face

1 of 9: **Intellectual disability;** Hypertelorism; Macrodonτία; Clinodactyly of the 5th finger; Open mouth; Brachycephaly; Broad philtrum; Autism; Abnormality of the outer ear

DECIPHER: Features

Instant and consistent annotation and interpretation

Copy-number variant

Overview Phenotypes (11) **Variants (2)** Citations (0) Karyotype Contacts

1 to 1 of 1 copy number variants

Location	Interval (Mb)	Mean Ratio	Genes	Inheritance	UCSC/e!	Edit/Del
4:1559100-2119236	0.56	1	11	De novo constitutive		

10 per page « 1 » [add CNV](#)

1 to 1 of 1 sequence variants

Location	Gene	Allele	Transcript	Consequence	Inheritance Genotype	UCSC/e!	Edit
4:1806119-1806119	FGFR3	G>A	ENST00000440486 c.1138G>A	Protein Altering (380 G/R) (missense variant) p.Gly380Arg	De novo constitutive		

10 per page [add sequence variant](#)

Sequence Variant

Ensembl Variant Effect Predictor

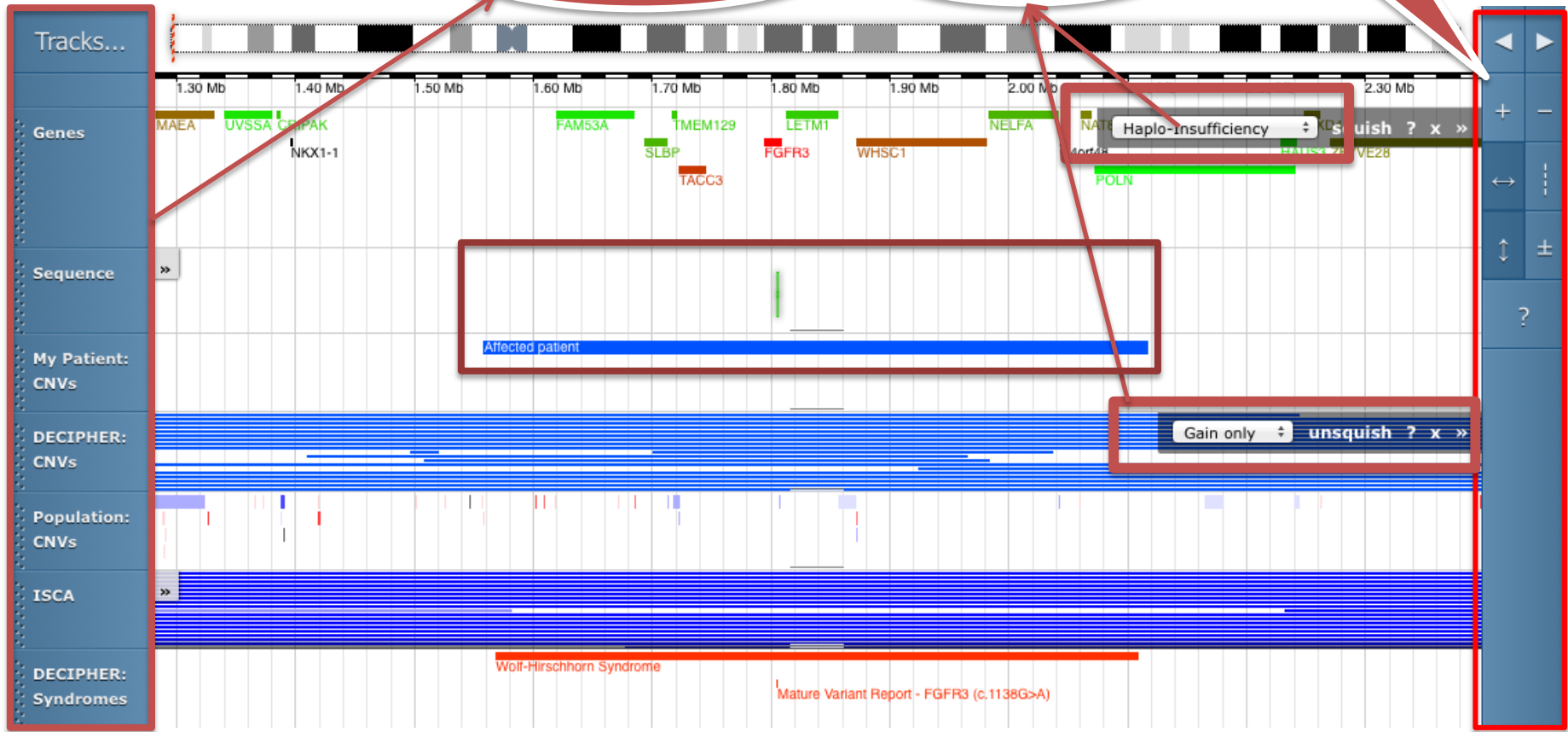
DECIPHER: Features

Real-time
interactive graphical
analysis of variant

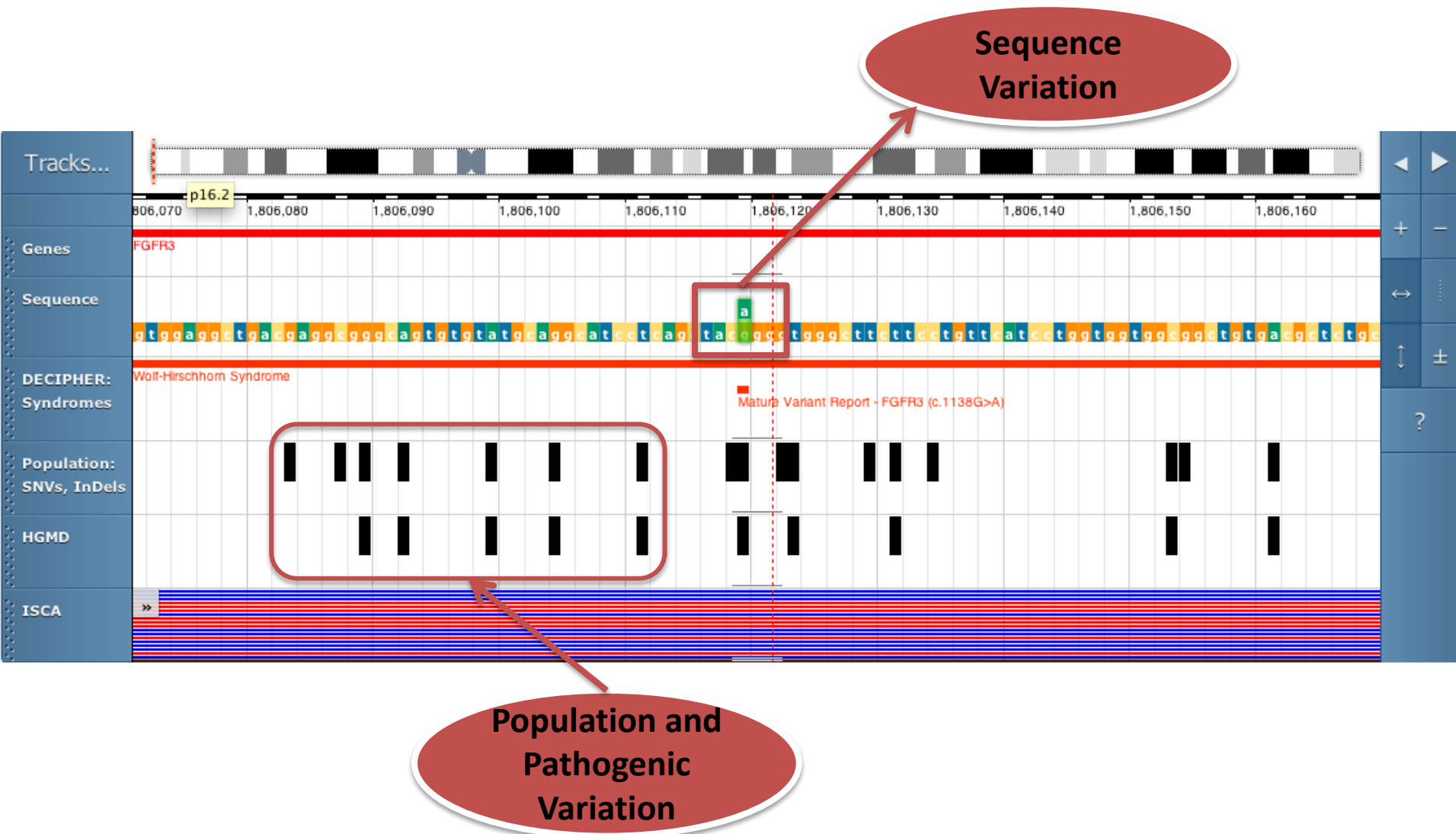
Movable
Tracks

Track Filters

Controls



DECIPHER: Features



DECIPHER: Features







Prioritising plausibly pathogenic genes using sortable columns

Browser Graph Genes (11) Patient overlap (146) Syndrome overlap (2)

All (11) OMIM (9) Morbid (3)

1 to 10 of 11 entries

Filter... 

Name	Location	Description	OMIM	Morbid	DDG2P ?	%HI ?	DBs
FGFR3	4:1795034-1810599	fibroblast growth factor receptor 3	✓	✓	✓	4.9	
POLN	4:2073645-2243848	polymerase (DNA directed) nu	✓	-	-	91.1	
NAT8L	4:2061239-2070816	N-acetyltransferase 8-like (GCN5-related, putative)	✓	✓	-	47.3	
C4orf48	4:2043689-2045697	chromosome 4 open reading frame 48	✓	-	-	-	
NELFA	4:1984441-2043630	negative elongation factor complex member A	✓	-	-	61.1	
WHSC1	4:1873151-1983934	Wolf-Hirschhorn syndrome candidate 1	✓	-	-	21.8	

On-going developments

- Notification mechanisms (E-Mail alerts on matching variant discovery)
- Phenotype-entry app (Tablet/Hospital Management Systems)
- Patient Portal

We are open and receptive to ideas and suggestions about how to use DECIPHER to improve the interpretation of plausibly pathogenic variants

DECIPHER Publications

REPORT

DECIPHER: *Database of Chromosomal Imbalance and Phenotype in Humans Using Ensembl Resources*

Am. J. Hum. Genet (2009).

doi: 10.1016/j.ajhg.2009.03.010

DECIPHER: web-based, community resource for clinical interpretation of rare variants in developmental disorders

Human Molecular Genetics (2012).

doi: 10.1093/hmg/dds362

DECIPHER: database for the interpretation of phenotype-linked plausibly pathogenic sequence and copy-number variation

Nucleic Acids Res. (2014).

doi: 10.1093/nar/gkt937

Acknowledgements

- Patients and families for permission to include their data in DECIPHER
- Members of the DECIPHER consortium

Supported by
wellcometrust



DECIPHER People

